## REMARKS

Applicant thanks the Examiner for the thorough consideration given the present application. Claims 1-17, 19 and 20 are pending. Claim 18 was previously cancelled. Claims 1 and 11 are amended. Claims 1 and 11 are independent. The Examiner is respectfully requested to reconsider the rejections in view of the amendments and remarks set forth herein.

## Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) and § 103(a)

Claims 1, 2, 11 and 12 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Sakai et al., U.S. Publication 2003/0012550;

claims 3, 4, 13 and 14 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai et al. in view of Thier et al., U.S. Patent 5,410,644;

claims 5, 6 and 15 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai et al. in view of Windle, U.S. Patent 6,686,970;

claims 7 and 20 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai et al. in view of Peters et al., U.S. Patent 5,440,348;

claims 8, 9 and 16-18 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai et al. in view of Windle and Barton et al., U.S. Patent 6,233,389; and

claims 10 and 19 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai et al. in view of Chen et al., U.S. Patent 6,600,869.

These rejections are respectfully traversed.

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Amendments to Independent Claims 1 and 11

Independent claim 1 is amended herein to recite a method for effect addition within a

single multimedia clip, including, inter alia,

"moving said second video clip to a second data track and keeping said first video

clip in said first data track, wherein the beginning of said second video clip being at the

specific time stamp in said second data track;

generating a first extended video clip and a second extended video clip to form an overlap according to said effect duration, wherein said overlap being between said first

extended video clip extended backward from the end of said first video clip and said second

extended video clip extended forward from the beginning of said second video clip".

The similar feature can be found in amended independent claim 11. Applicant

respectfully submits that the amended independent claims 1 and 11 are not anticipated by

Sakai et al. at least for reasons discussed below.

In the first page of Response to Argument, the Examiner asserts that in Sakai et al.

"obviously, there is an overlap of a portion of A and a portion B shown in Fig. 4A...there are

two video materials that are used: one taken from A and one taken from B. They are put

together and overlapped." In direct contrast, however, the overlap in the present invention is

formed by the first extended video clip and the second extended video clip as emphasized

above, rather than the first video clip (a portion of A) and the second video clip (a portion of

B). Obviously, the overlapping portions between the present invention and Sakai et al. are

different. Therefore, at least for this reason, claims in the present invention are distinguishable

over Sakai et al.

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In addition, there is no "a first extended video clip" and "a second extended video

clip" generated in Sakai et al. document. The segments X1 and X2 in Sakai et al. are formed

by a portion of A and a portion of B as shown in Fig. 4E and Fig. 4F. Therefore, Sakai et al.

at least has failed to disclose or teach a first extended video clip and a second extended video

clip generated in the method for effect addition within a single multimedia clip as set forth in

claims 1 and 11.

Furthermore, referring to Fig. 2 and Fig. 4 of the present invention, the second video

clip is moved to the second data track but the first video clip is still in the first data track as

set forth in amended independent claims 1 and 11. It is noted that only the second video clip

is moved to the second data track. However, a careful review of Sakai et al. indicates that

Sakai et al. has failed to disclose or teach this feature. Paragraph [0061] of Sakai et al. reads

"the operator monitors successively materials A, B, C and D shown in Fig. 4A and

representing video signals recorded on the optical disk 1. The coded data of the operator-

designated transition periods are reproduced from the optical disk 1 and stored into memory

22 (see Fig. 4C)." Obviously, in Sakai et al., the first video clip and the second video clip are

together moved to the second data track (memory 22) as shown in Fig. 4C, which is clearly

different from the presently claimed feature set forth in independent claims 1 and 11.

In order for a rejection to be made under 35 U.S.C. § 102, the cited reference must

teach or suggest each and every element in the claims. See M.P.E.P. §2131; M.P.E.P.

\$706.02. Accordingly, if the cited reference fails to teach or suggest one or more claimed

elements, the rejection is improper and must be withdrawn.

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At least for the reasons explained above, Applicant respectfully submits that the

combination of steps/elements as set forth in independent claims 1 and 11 are not disclosed by

Sakai et al. Therefore, amended independent claims 1 and 11 are in condition for allowance.

<u>Dependent Claims</u>

As argued above, Sakai et al. fail to teach or suggest each and every step/element in the

independent claims 1 and 11. None of the applied references, including Thier et al., Windle,

Peters et al., Barton et al. and Chen et al., taken alone or in combination cure the shortcomings of

Sakai et al. Therefore all dependent claims are not made obvious by the applied references and are

in condition for allowance due to their dependency from allowable independent claims, or due to the

additional novel features set forth therein.

For example, claims 3, 4, 13 and 14 stand rejected under 35 USC 103 as being

unpatentable over Sakai et al. in view of Thier et al. Applicant respectfully disagrees. Thier et al.

is a patent regarding a video special effect system which is capable of displaying real-time 3D

video images, such as television images, that have been transformed in three dimensions. The

Examiner asserts that "Thier et al. disclose a video special effect by freezing a frame according

to the last frame of a video clip (col. 15, lines 45 - 49 by considering a virtual video clip

associated with the video segment including the frames before the frozen frame and having the

frozen frame as the last frame)." However, Their et al. merely disclose frame-freeze is used to

freeze a frame of video signal and signals which control various conventional effects but frame-

freeze is not used to extend the video effect according to the last frame of the first video clip, as

set forth in the present claim. In addition, the first extended video clip in the present invention is

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not a field or a frame of the video signal and signals which control various video effects shown

in Thier et al. Therefore, the combination of Sakai et al. and Their et al. fails to render claims 3,

4, 13 and 14 as being obvious.

Accordingly, reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) and

§ 103(a) are respectfully requested.

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**CONCLUSION** 

All of the stated grounds of rejection have been properly traversed, accommodated, or

rendered moot. It is believed that a full and complete response has been made to the

outstanding Office Action, and that the present application is in condition for allowance.

If the Examiner believes, for any reason, that personal communication will expedite

prosecution of this application, he is invited to telephone Carl T. Thomsen (Reg. No. 50,786)

at (703) 208-4030 (direct line).

If necessary, the Commissioner is hereby authorized in this, concurrent, and future

replies to charge payment or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 02-2448 for

any additional fees required under 37 C.F.R. §§1.16 or 1.17, particularly extension of time

fees.

Dated: April 2, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

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